## 1 Installation
- 1.1 Base Setup .......................................................... 3
- 1.2 RichText Editor ...................................................... 4
- 1.3 Payment providers .................................................. 4
- 1.4 Configuration ........................................................ 4

## 2 Integration
- 2.1 Project ............................................................... 7
- 2.2 Templates ............................................................. 7
- 2.3 Migrations ............................................................. 8
- 2.4 Extensions ............................................................ 8
- 2.5 BackerProfile ......................................................... 8

## 3 Crowdfunding workflow
- 3.1 User roles ............................................................ 9
- 3.2 Project setup .......................................................... 9
- 3.3 Bidding phase ....................................................... 9
- 3.4 End phase ............................................................. 10
- 3.5 Workflow Diagram .................................................. 10

## 4 Payment provider
- 4.1 Paypal ................................................................. 13
- 4.2 Postfinance ........................................................... 13
- 4.3 Custom ................................................................. 13

## 5 Using the app
- 5.1 Adding the fundraising module to your website ..................... 15
- 5.2 Adding project teasers ............................................... 15
Zipfelchappe is a simple open source crowdfunding platform based on the Django framework and FeinCMS. This project is inspired by various crowdfunding pages like:

- kickstarter.com
- indiegogo.com
- wemakeit.ch

The main advantage of zipfelchappe: it’s free, customizable, styleable and can be integrated in your existing website. Free means not only that you are allowed to install and use the software freely, you also decide where the money goes! Zipfelchappe does not cut a share of your pledges or raise a monthly fee.

See http://beiss-den-hai.ch for an example page running with zipfelchappe.
1.1 Base Setup

Zipfelchappe requires at least:

- Django
- FeinCMS v1.10
- requests v1.0

Note: Zipfelchappe is used as a FeinCMS ApplicationContent. You need to have FeinCMS set up and working before you continue.
An authentication app is required as well and the sites framework must be active.

It is recommended to install zipfelchappe via pip:

```
pip install zipfelchappe
```

Add zipfelchappe to your INSTALLED_APPS:

```
INSTALLED_APPS = (  
    ...  
    'feincms',  
    'zipfelchappe',  
    'zipfelchappe.translations',  
)
```

```
zipfelchappe.translations is only required if you have a multilingual setup.
```

Now, add zipfelchappe to your feincms application content modules. This is usually done in your projects models.py file:

```
Page.create_content_type(ApplicationContent, APPLICATIONS=(  
    ('zipfelchappe.urls', _('Zipfelchappe projects')),  
))
```

The next step is to define the content types you want use:

```
from zipfelchappe.models import Project
```
Content types are FeinCMS building blocks, that allow you to use any kind of content in your projects.

### 1.2 Richtext Editor

Zipfelchappe has been tested with TinyMCE 4. Use the correct init template:

```python
FEINCMS_RICHTEXT_INIT_TEMPLATE = 'admin/content/richtext/init_tinymce4.html'
```

### 1.3 Payment providers

Depending on which payment provider you plan to use, add the following modules to your `INSTALLED_APPS`:

```python
'zipfelchappe.paypal',
'zipfelchappe.postfinance',
```

Payment modules also require you to add some urls to your root urls:

```python
urlpatterns += patterns('',
    url(r'^paypal/', include('zipfelchappe.paypal.urls')),
    url(r'^postfinance/', include('zipfelchappe.postfinance.urls')),
)
```

If you wish to automatically charge your successfully funded projects you need to make sure that some periodic tasks get executed. You can do this with cronjobs, Celery or whatever you like.

Usually running these tasks every hour is a good idea.

Cronjobs will need to execute these commands:

```bash
./manage.py paypal_payments
./manage.py postfinance_payments
./manage.py postfinance_updates
```

The task are also available as pure python function if you use Celery:

```python
zipfelchappe.paypal.tasks.process_payments
zipfelchappe.postfinance.tasks.process_payments
zipfelchappe.postfinance.tasks.update_payments
```

### 1.4 Configuration

The last step is to configure zipfelchappe according to your needs. Here is a full example with all available configuration options, you can tailor them to suit your needs:

```python
# Payment providers. Read more about this in the separate chapter
ZIPFELCHAPPE_PAYMENT_PROVIDERS = (  
    ('paypal', 'Paypal'),
    ('postfinance', 'Postfinance'),
)```
# The currencies you can choose for projects (only 1 per project)
ZIPFELCHAPPE_CURRENCIES = ('CHF', 'EUR', 'USD')

# Will try to use django comments if set to None
ZIPFELCHAPPE_DISQUS_SHORTNAME = None

# Number of projects per page in project list
ZIPFELCHAPPE_PAGINATE_BY = 10

# Offers a flag if someone does not wish to appear on the backer list
ZIPFELCHAPPE_ALLOW_ANONYMOUS_PLEDGES = True

# Similar to django user profiles, this allows you to store additional data
# to the backer model.
ZIPFELCHAPPE_BACKER_PROFILE = 'mybackerprofile.BackerProfileModel'

# Paypal provider settings
ZIPFELCHAPPE_PAYPAL = {
    'USERID': '',
    'PASSWORD': '',
    'SIGNATURE': '',
    'APPLICATIONID': '', # not required for testing
    'LIVE': False,
    'RECEIVERS': [{
        'email': 'whogetsthemoney@mommy.com',
        'percent': 100,
    }]
}

# Postfinance provider settings
ZIPFELCHAPPE_POSTFINANCE = {
    'PSPID': '',
    'LIVE': False,
    'SHA1_IN': '',
    'SHA1_OUT': '',
    'USERID': '', # This is the Postfinance Direct Link API user
    'PSWD': '', # and his password
}

# If a custom user model is used, define field names for first name,
# last name and email
ZIPFELCHAPPE_USER_EMAIL_FIELD = 'email' # defaults to 'email'
ZIPFELCHAPPE_USER_FIRST_NAME_FIELD = 'given_name' # defaults to 'first_name'
ZIPFELCHAPPE_USER_LAST_NAME_FIELD = 'last_name' # defaults to 'last_name'
2.1 Project

Register the available regions in your models.py:

```python
from zipfelchappe.models import Project

Project.register_regions(
    ('main', _('Content')),
    ('thankyou', _('Thank you')),
)
```

Add the content types like in FeinCMS:

```python
Project.create_content_type(RichTextContent)
Project.create_content_type(
    MediaFileContent,
    TYPE_CHOICES=(
        ('default', _('default')),
    )
)
```

2.2 Templates

To integrate zipfelchappe into your page, it’s often advisable to override the base template `zipfelchappe/base.html`. When you do this, take care to support the three required blocks for zipfelchappe:

- maincontent
- sidebar
- javascript

You also need to have the feincms_page object in your template context even for the payment views which don’t use the application content. Either that or make sure the payment templates don’t inherit from your common feincms base template.

The simplest way to add the feincms_page object to the template context is to add the context processor:

```python
TEMPLATE_CONTEXT_PROCESSORS = (  
    ...
    "feincms.context_processors.add_page_if_missing",
)
```
2.3 Migrations

Zipfelchappe does not come with any sort of migrations itself. This would be a bad idea anyway because of it’s highly configurable nature. However, there is no reason why you shouldn’t use South or whatever you like in your project.

If you are using South, you will have to define a custom migration path for zipfelchappe. Something like:

```python
SOUTH_MIGRATION_MODULES = {
    'zipfelchappe': 'yourproject.migrate.zipfelchappe',
}
```

2.4 Extensions

If you need to add some custom fields to your projects, you can leverage the FeinCMS extension mechanism. Take a look at some of the built-in extension and read the documentation at feincms.org.

Zipfelchappe provides a categories extension.

2.5 BackerProfile

To be added.
3.1 User roles

- Platform owner: Owns and operates the platform (website).
- Project owner: Created a project featured on the platform. The project owner receives the funds on successful completion of the project.
- Visitor: A visitor to the website.
- Backer: A visitor who has backed a project becomes a backer.

3.2 Project setup

1. A project owner creates an account on the platform.
2. He creates a project.
3. The platform owner reviews and approves the project.
4. The project is open for bidding.

3.3 Bidding phase

1. A visitor visits the website and looks at the project.
2. He decides to support it by clicking on the ‘Back this project’ button.
3. He is redirected to the backing page. On this page he has to enter the amount he wishes to back and select the reward.
4. He gets redirected to the payment provider site where he enter his payment details.
5. After successful completion he gets redirected to the thank you page which is the project detail page with ‘thank_you’ and the pledge id added as a query string. He is now a backer. If the visitor cancels the payment he is redirected to the detail page again. A message informs him that he had cancelled the transfer.
3.4 End phase

1. After the project end date has passed, the bidding has ended.
2. The system sends out a message to all backers informing them if the funding has succeeded or not.
3. If the project did not succeed, the preapprovals are cancelled. No money is deducted.
4. If the project did succeed, the money is transferred to the project owner.

3.5 Workflow Diagram

The diagram can be viewed (and edited) on LucidChart.
4.1 Paypal

This provider uses PayPal’s Adaptive Payments API. Documentation can be found here.

To start developing, log on to https://developer.paypal.com and follow the steps there to get a sandbox testing account. Once you want to go live you need to submit your application to http://x.com. This process requires a lot of info and may take some time. You need to have your site already online and working on the sandbox before you should submit to x.com

4.2 Postfinance

Postfinance is not a classical crowdfunding payment provider but very common in Switzerland. You find their offers https://www.postfinance.ch/en/biz/prod/eserv/epay.html

When you configure this provider, make sure that:

- Default operation mode is “Authorisation”
- SHA-1 is the active hash algorithm
- You have set the correct SHA1-IN and SHA1-OUT hashes in your settings
- The Direct HTTP server-to-server urls point to the provider’s IPN view
- The request method for IPN messages is POST

If you want to automatically request payments for successfully funded projects in the background, you will need to purchase the optional “DirectLink” package by postfinance. This is available on the Basic and the Professional plan.

4.3 Custom

If you want to implement a custom payment provider, you need to follow a few quick rules:

- Provide a ‘zipfelchappe_<providername>_payment’ named view to you start the payment process. You can get the pledge to pay from the session
- If the payment has been authorized, set the pledge status to AUTHORIZED and redirect to the ‘zipfelchappe_pledge_thankyou’ view.
- If payment was canceled, redirect to the ‘zipfelchappe_pledge_canceled’ view
• When payment is collected, set pledge status to PAID
• If payment failed multiple times, set pledge status to FAILED

Take a look at the existing payment providers to get further insights.
5.1 Adding the fundraising module to your website

In the Django admin interface, create a new page. Add an application content and select “Zipfelchappe projects”. If you have a multilingual website, you have to do this for every language.

5.2 Adding project teasers

There are two content types which let you promote selected projects on a web page. `ProjectTeaserContent` which promotes a single project and `ProjectTeaserRowContent` to promote three projects.

To make those available in the admin interface, register them with the `Page` module:

```python
from zipfelchappe.content import ProjectTeaserContent, ProjectTeaserRowContent
Page.create_content_type(ProjectTeaserContent, regions=('main',))
Page.create_content_type(ProjectTeaserRowContent, regions=('main',))
```

You have to migrate your database after adding the content types. Once the content types are registered, you can select them in the admin interface.

They use the template `zipfelchappe/project_teaser.html` and `zipfelchappe/project_teaser_row.html` respectively.